6676 measured reflections

 $R_{\rm int} = 0.021$

3014 independent reflections

2336 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

Acta Crystallographica Section E **Structure Reports** Online

ISSN 1600-5368

(E)-3-(3,4-Dimethoxyphenyl)-1-(2hydroxyphenyl)prop-2-en-1-one

Jerry P. Jasinski,^a* Ray J. Butcher,^b V. Musthafa Khaleel,^c B. K. Sarojini^c and H. S. Yathirajan^d

^aDepartment of Chemistry, Keene State College, 229 Main Street, Keene, NH 03435-2001, USA, ^bDepartment of Chemistry, Howard University, 525 College Street NW, Washington, DC 20059, USA, ^cDepartment of Chemistry, P.A. College of Engineering, Mangalore 574 153, India, and ^dDepartment of Studies in Chemistry, University of Mysore, Manasagangotri, Mysore 570 006, India Correspondence e-mail: jjasinski@keene.edu

Received 28 February 2011; accepted 4 March 2011

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; T = 295 K; mean σ (C–C) = 0.002 Å; R factor = 0.048; wR factor = 0.152; data-to-parameter ratio = 15.6.

In the title compound, $C_{17}H_{16}O_4$, the dihedral angle between the mean planes of the hydroxyphenyl and dimethoxyphenyl rings is 5.9 (6)°. The mean plane of the prop-2-en-1-one group makes dihedral angles of 3.6 (0) and 2.6 (7) $^{\circ}$ with the hydroxyphenyl and dimethoxyphenyl rings, respectively. An intramolecular $O-H \cdots O$ hydrogen bond occurs. The crystal packing is stabilized by weak intermolecular C-H···O contacts and $\pi - \pi$ stacking interactions [centroid–centroid distance = 3.6571(8) Å].

Related literature

For related structures, see: Butcher et al. (2006); Cao et al. (2005); Harrison et al. (2007); Jasinski et al. (2010, 2011a,b); Ngaini et al. (2009); Radha Krishna et al. (2005); Sharma et al. (1997); Wu et al. (2005). For standard bond lengths, see: Allen et al. (1987).



Experimental

Crystal data

$C_{17}H_{16}O_4$
$M_r = 284.30$
Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$
a = 14.2315(2)Å
b = 8.0292 (1) Å
c = 13.6027 (2) Å
$\beta = 110.0531 \ (14)^{\circ}$

V = 1460.11 (3) Å³ Z = 4Cu Ka radiation $\mu = 0.76 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ T = 295 K $0.51 \times 0.47 \times 0.35 \text{ mm}$

Data collection

Oxford Diffraction Gemini R

```
diffractometer
Absorption correction: multi-scan
  (CrvsAlis RED; Oxford
  Diffraction, 2007)
  T_{\min} = 0.065, T_{\max} = 1.000
```

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.048$	193 parameters
$vR(F^2) = 0.152$	H-atom parameters constrained
S = 1.12	$\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 0.18 \ {\rm e} \ {\rm \AA}^{-3}$
3014 reflections	$\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.18 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D - H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	D-H	$H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D \cdots A$	$D - \mathbf{H} \cdot \cdot \cdot A$
$\begin{array}{c} O1 - H1A \cdots O2 \\ C14 - H14A \cdots O2^{i} \end{array}$	0.82	1.77	2.5021 (18)	147
	0.93	2.51	3.4250 (19)	170

Symmetry code: (i) -x + 1, $y - \frac{1}{2}$, $-z + \frac{1}{2}$.

Data collection: CrysAlis PRO (Oxford Diffraction, 2007); cell refinement: CrysAlis PRO; data reduction: CrysAlis RED (Oxford Diffraction, 2007); program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: SHELXTL (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXTL.

BKS thanks the BRNS, DAE, Government of India (grant No. 2008/34/05-BRNS/457). VMK thanks PA. College of Engineering for the research facilities. RJB acknowledges the NSF MRI program (grant No. CHE-0619278) for funds to purchase the X-ray diffractometer.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: KP2312).

References

- Allen, F. H., Kennard, O., Watson, D. G., Brammer, L., Orpen, A. G. & Taylor, R. (1987). J. Chem. Soc. Perkin Trans. 2, pp. S1-19.
- Butcher, R. J., Yathirajan, H. S., Anilkumar, H. G., Sarojini, B. K. & Narayana, B. (2006). Acta Cryst. E62, 01633-01635.
- Cao, D.-X., Li, G.-Z., Xue, G., Yu, W.-T. & Liu, Z.-Q. (2005). Acta Cryst. E61, 0977-0979.
- Harrison, W. T. A., Kumari, V., Ravindra, H. J. & Dharmaprakash, S. M. (2007). Acta Cryst. E63, o2928.
- Jasinski, J. P., Butcher, R. J., Chidan Kumar, C. S., Yathirajan, H. S. & Mayekar, A. N. (2010). Acta Cryst. E66, o2936-o2937.
- Jasinski, J. P., Butcher, R. J., Samshuddin, S., Narayana, B. & Yathirajan, H. S. (2011b). Acta Cryst. E67, o352-o353
- Jasinski, J. P., Butcher, R. J., Siddaraju, B. P., Narayana, B. & Yathirajan, H. S. (2011a). Acta Crvst. E67. 0313-0314.
- Ngaini, Z., Fadzillah, S. M. H., Hussain, H., Razak, I. A. & Fun, H.-K. (2009). Acta Cryst. E65, 01301-01302.
- Oxford Diffraction (2007). CrysAlis PRO and CrysAlis RED. Oxford Diffraction Ltd, Oxfordshire, England.
- Radha Krishna, J., Jagadeesh Kumar, N., Krishnaiah, M., Venkata Rao, C., Koteswara Rao, Y. & Puranik, V. G. (2005). Acta Cryst. E61, 01323-01325.
- Sharma, N. K., Kumar, R., Parmar, V. S. & Errington, W. (1997). Acta Cryst. C53. 1438-1440.
- Sheldrick, G. M. (2008). Acta Cryst. A64, 112-122.
- Wu, H., Xu, Z. & Liang, Y.-M. (2005). Acta Cryst. E61, 01434-01435.

supplementary materials

Acta Cryst. (2011). E67, 0845 [doi:10.1107/S1600536811008361]

(E)-3-(3,4-Dimethoxyphenyl)-1-(2-hydroxyphenyl)prop-2-en-1-one

J. P. Jasinski, R. J. Butcher, V. Musthafa Khaleel, B. K. Sarojini and H. S. Yathirajan

Comment

In continuation to our studies on crystal structures of chalcones (Jasinski *et al.*, 2010, 2011*a*, 2011*b*), we report here the synthesis (Fig. 1) and crystal structure of a new chalcone, $C_{17}H_{16}O_4$, (I). The dihedral angle between the mean planes of the hydroxyphenyl and dimethoxyphenyl rings is 5.9 (6)° (Fig. 2). The mean plane of the prop-2-en-1-one group, the active site in this molecule, makes angles of 3.6 (0)° and 2.6 (7)°, respectively, with the hydroxyphenyl and dimethoxyphenyl rings. Bond lengths and angles are normal (Allen *et al.*, 1987) and corespond to those observed in related compounds (Butcher *et al.*, 2006; Cao *et al.*, 2005; Harrison *et al.*, 2007; Jasinski *et al.*, 2010, 2011*a*, 2011*b*; Ngaini *et al.*, 2009; Radha Krishna *et al.*, 2005; Sharma *et al.*, 1997; Wu *et al.*, 2005). Crystal packing is stabilized by O—H…O intramolecular hydrogen bonds, weak C—H…O intermolecular (Table 1) and π — π stacking interactions (Table 2, Fig. 3).

Experimental

2-Hydroxyacetophenone (1.36 g, 0.01 mol) was mixed with 3,4-dimethoxybenzaldehyde (1.66 g, 0.01 mol) and dissolved in ethanol (40 ml) (Fig. 1). To this solution, 5 mL of KOH (50%) was added at 278 K. The reaction mixture stirred overnight at room temperature and poured on to crushed ice. The pH of this mixture was adjusted to 3–4 with 2 *M* HCl aqueous solution. The resulting crude solid was filtered, washed successively with dilute HCl solution and distilled water and finally recrystallized from ethanol (95%) to give the pure chalcone. Crystals suitable for *X*-ray diffraction studies were grown by the slow evaporation of the solution of the compound in ethyl alcohol (m.p.: 378–381 K). Composition: Found (Calculated) for $C_{17}H_{16}O_4$, C 75.25 (75.28); H: 5.98 (5.92).

Refinement

The hydroxyl hydrogem (H1A) was located by a Fourier map, fixed at 0.82 Å and refined using the riding model. All of the remaining H atoms were placed in their calculated positions and then refined using the riding model with Atom—H lengths of 0.93Å (CH), 0.96Å (CH₃). Isotropic displacement parameters for these atoms were set to 1.19–1.20 (CH), 1.49 (CH₃) or 1.49 (OH) times U_{eq} of the parent atom.

Figures



Fig. 1. Reaction scheme for (I).



Fig. 2. Molecular structure of the title compound showing the atom labeling scheme and 50% probability displacement ellipsoids. Dashed line indicates an O-H…O intramolecular bond.



Fig. 3. Packing diagram of the title compound viewed down the c axis. Dashed lines indicate O-H…O intramolecular hydrogen bonds and weak C-H…O intermolecular interactions.

(E)-3-(3,4-Dimethoxyphenyl)-1-(2-hydroxyphenyl)prop-2-en-1-one

Crystal data	
$C_{17}H_{16}O_4$	F(000) = 600
$M_r = 284.30$	$D_{\rm x} = 1.293 {\rm ~Mg~m}^{-3}$
Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$	Cu <i>K</i> α radiation, $\lambda = 1.54184$ Å
Hall symbol: -P 2ybc	Cell parameters from 4075 reflections
<i>a</i> = 14.2315 (2) Å	$\theta = 5.5 - 77.1^{\circ}$
b = 8.0292 (1) Å	$\mu = 0.76 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
c = 13.6027 (2) Å	T = 295 K
$\beta = 110.0531 \ (14)^{\circ}$	Prism, pale yellow
V = 1460.11 (3) Å ³	$0.51\times0.47\times0.35~mm$
Z = 4	

Data collection

Oxford Diffraction Gemini R diffractometer	3014 independent reflections
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube	2336 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
graphite	$R_{\rm int} = 0.021$
Detector resolution: 10.5081 pixels mm ⁻¹	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 77.4^\circ, \ \theta_{\text{min}} = 6.4^\circ$
ϕ and ω scans	$h = -17 \rightarrow 16$
Absorption correction: multi-scan (<i>CrysAlis RED</i> ; Oxford Diffraction, 2007)	$k = -9 \rightarrow 9$
$T_{\min} = 0.065, T_{\max} = 1.000$	$l = -15 \rightarrow 17$
6676 measured reflections	

Refinement

Refinement on F^2 Least-squares matrix: full $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.048$ $wR(F^2) = 0.152$

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites H-atom parameters constrained

<i>S</i> = 1.12	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0968P)^2 + 0.0366P]$ where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
3014 reflections	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{max} < 0.001$
193 parameters	$\Delta \rho_{max} = 0.18 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
0 restraints	$\Delta \rho_{min} = -0.18 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted *R*-factor *wR* and goodness of fit *S* are based on F^2 , conventional *R*-factors *R* are based on *F*, with *F* set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating *R*-factors(gt) *etc*. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. *R*-factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on *F*, and *R*- factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (A^2)

	x	У	Ζ	$U_{\rm iso}*/U_{\rm eq}$
01	0.88704 (12)	0.7981 (2)	0.17236 (10)	0.0876 (4)
H1A	0.8351	0.7455	0.1617	0.131*
O2	0.76002 (8)	0.62603 (18)	0.21587 (8)	0.0737 (4)
03	0.63965 (8)	0.32097 (14)	0.68696 (7)	0.0648 (3)
O4	0.47076 (8)	0.18452 (14)	0.59076 (8)	0.0638 (3)
C1	0.90537 (11)	0.71605 (18)	0.34900 (11)	0.0558 (3)
C2	0.94152 (13)	0.7937 (2)	0.27531 (14)	0.0670 (4)
C3	1.03495 (17)	0.8674 (3)	0.3086 (2)	0.0921 (6)
НЗА	1.0588	0.9173	0.2601	0.110*
C4	1.09263 (17)	0.8676 (3)	0.4123 (2)	0.1082 (8)
H4A	1.1553	0.9177	0.4338	0.130*
C5	1.05822 (17)	0.7935 (3)	0.4855 (2)	0.1030 (8)
H5A	1.0979	0.7934	0.5559	0.124*
C6	0.96559 (14)	0.7203 (2)	0.45407 (14)	0.0744 (5)
H6A	0.9425	0.6726	0.5038	0.089*
C7	0.80752 (10)	0.63257 (19)	0.31157 (10)	0.0536 (3)
C8	0.76620 (10)	0.55612 (18)	0.38547 (10)	0.0545 (3)
H8A	0.8025	0.5598	0.4568	0.065*
C9	0.67732 (10)	0.48135 (18)	0.35199 (10)	0.0531 (3)
H9A	0.6448	0.4794	0.2799	0.064*
C10	0.62489 (10)	0.40250 (17)	0.41423 (10)	0.0502 (3)
C11	0.66334 (10)	0.40028 (17)	0.52433 (10)	0.0505 (3)
H11A	0.7254	0.4481	0.5593	0.061*
C12	0.61015 (10)	0.32804 (17)	0.58086 (10)	0.0497 (3)
C13	0.51638 (10)	0.25396 (17)	0.52792 (10)	0.0501 (3)
C14	0.47888 (10)	0.25475 (19)	0.41980 (11)	0.0553 (3)
H14A	0.4173	0.2058	0.3845	0.066*

supplementary materials

C15	0.53281 (10)	0.3283 (2)	0.36387 (10)	0.0567 (4)
H15A	0.5068	0.3279	0.2911	0.068*
C16	0.73098 (14)	0.3979 (3)	0.74455 (12)	0.0755 (5)
H16A	0.7843	0.3472	0.7271	0.113*
H16B	0.7432	0.3845	0.8180	0.113*
H16C	0.7276	0.5144	0.7278	0.113*
C17	0.37373 (12)	0.1167 (2)	0.54210 (14)	0.0681 (4)
H17A	0.3287	0.2033	0.5056	0.102*
H17B	0.3505	0.0692	0.5944	0.102*
H17C	0.3763	0.0318	0.4934	0.102*

Atomic displacement parameters $(Å^2)$

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
01	0.1035 (10)	0.1039 (11)	0.0682 (8)	-0.0071 (8)	0.0458 (7)	0.0160 (7)
O2	0.0640 (6)	0.1134 (10)	0.0441 (5)	-0.0038 (6)	0.0193 (5)	0.0099 (5)
O3	0.0718 (6)	0.0810 (7)	0.0380 (5)	-0.0125 (5)	0.0142 (4)	0.0055 (4)
O4	0.0672 (6)	0.0759 (7)	0.0503 (5)	-0.0126 (5)	0.0226 (5)	0.0033 (5)
C1	0.0575 (7)	0.0584 (8)	0.0558 (8)	0.0092 (6)	0.0248 (6)	0.0038 (6)
C2	0.0745 (10)	0.0630 (9)	0.0739 (10)	0.0041 (7)	0.0389 (8)	0.0062 (7)
C3	0.0863 (13)	0.0863 (13)	0.1165 (18)	-0.0127 (10)	0.0514 (13)	0.0123 (12)
C4	0.0760 (13)	0.1022 (16)	0.141 (2)	-0.0257 (11)	0.0305 (14)	0.0055 (15)
C5	0.0775 (12)	0.1164 (18)	0.0948 (15)	-0.0212 (12)	0.0034 (11)	0.0067 (13)
C6	0.0695 (9)	0.0837 (11)	0.0647 (10)	-0.0050 (8)	0.0159 (8)	0.0055 (8)
C7	0.0538 (7)	0.0663 (8)	0.0440 (6)	0.0109 (6)	0.0210 (5)	0.0039 (6)
C8	0.0574 (7)	0.0671 (8)	0.0416 (6)	0.0069 (6)	0.0205 (5)	0.0025 (6)
C9	0.0590 (7)	0.0632 (8)	0.0407 (6)	0.0082 (6)	0.0218 (5)	0.0010 (6)
C10	0.0552 (7)	0.0572 (7)	0.0408 (6)	0.0063 (5)	0.0197 (5)	-0.0008 (5)
C11	0.0523 (7)	0.0570 (7)	0.0417 (6)	-0.0003 (5)	0.0154 (5)	-0.0014 (5)
C12	0.0572 (7)	0.0530 (7)	0.0377 (6)	0.0026 (5)	0.0145 (5)	0.0009 (5)
C13	0.0547 (7)	0.0526 (7)	0.0452 (7)	0.0027 (5)	0.0201 (5)	0.0008 (6)
C14	0.0495 (6)	0.0680 (8)	0.0471 (7)	-0.0012 (6)	0.0147 (5)	-0.0056 (6)
C15	0.0568 (7)	0.0755 (9)	0.0364 (6)	0.0049 (6)	0.0143 (5)	-0.0027 (6)
C16	0.0726 (10)	0.1061 (14)	0.0400 (7)	-0.0133 (9)	0.0094 (6)	-0.0028 (8)
C17	0.0642 (9)	0.0744 (10)	0.0710 (10)	-0.0079 (7)	0.0300 (7)	-0.0029 (8)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

O1—C2	1.349 (2)	C8—C9	1.331 (2)
O1—H1A	0.8200	C8—H8A	0.9300
O2—C7	1.2454 (16)	C9—C10	1.4517 (19)
O3—C12	1.3591 (15)	С9—Н9А	0.9300
O3—C16	1.4094 (19)	C10—C15	1.388 (2)
O4—C13	1.3578 (16)	C10-C11	1.4073 (17)
O4—C17	1.4193 (19)	C11—C12	1.3784 (19)
C1—C6	1.392 (2)	C11—H11A	0.9300
C1—C2	1.418 (2)	C12—C13	1.4121 (19)
C1—C7	1.470 (2)	C13—C14	1.3820 (18)
C2—C3	1.382 (3)	C14—C15	1.384 (2)

C3—C4	1.367 (3)	C14—H14A	0.9300
С3—НЗА	0.9300	C15—H15A	0.9300
C4—C5	1.386 (4)	C16—H16A	0.9600
C4—H4A	0.9300	C16—H16B	0.9600
C5—C6	1.371 (3)	C16—H16C	0.9600
С5—Н5А	0.9300	С17—Н17А	0.9600
С6—Н6А	0.9300	С17—Н17В	0.9600
С7—С8	1.4623 (19)	C17—H17C	0.9600
C2—O1—H1A	109.5	C15—C10—C11	118.47 (12)
C12—O3—C16	117.53 (12)	C15—C10—C9	119.11 (12)
C13—O4—C17	117.57 (11)	C11—C10—C9	122.41 (12)
C6—C1—C2	118.03 (15)	C12—C11—C10	120.76 (12)
C6—C1—C7	122.90 (14)	C12—C11—H11A	119.6
C2-C1-C7	119.06 (13)	C10—C11—H11A	119.6
01 - C2 - C3	118.35 (17)	03—C12—C11	125.54 (12)
01 - C2 - C1	121.78 (15)	03-C12-C13	114.69 (12)
C_{3} — C_{2} — C_{1}	119 88 (18)	$C_{11} - C_{12} - C_{13}$	119 77 (12)
C4-C3-C2	120 5 (2)	04-C13-C14	125.33(13)
C4-C3-H3A	1197	04-C13-C12	125.55(15) 115.10(11)
C^2 — C^3 — H^3A	119.7	$C_{14} - C_{13} - C_{12}$	119.56 (12)
C_{2}^{-} C_{3}^{-} C_{4}^{-} C_{5}^{-}	120.4(2)	C13 - C14 - C15	119.30(12) 120.15(13)
$C_3 - C_4 - H_4 \Delta$	119.8	C_{13} C_{14} H_{14A}	110.0
C_{5} C_{4} H_{4A}	119.8	C15 - C14 - H14A	119.9
C6-C5-C4	119.0	$C_{14} - C_{15} - C_{10}$	121 29 (12)
C6 C5 H5A	119.9 (2)	$C_{14} = C_{15} = C_{10}$	121.27 (12)
C_{0}	120.1	C_{14} C_{15} H_{15A}	119.4
$C_4 = C_5 = C_1$	120.1	C10-C15-H15A	119.4
$C_{5} = C_{6} = U_{6}$	121.2 (2)	O_{3} C_{10} H_{10} H_{10}	109.5
C_{3}	119.4		109.5
CI = C6 = H6A	119.4	H16A - C16 - H16B	109.5
02 - C / - C 8	119.91 (13)		109.5
02	119.43 (13)	H16A-C16-H16C	109.5
	120.65 (12)	H16B-C16-H16C	109.5
09-08-07	120.86 (12)		109.5
C9—C8—H8A	119.6	04—C17—H17B	109.5
С7—С8—Н8А	119.6	Н17А—С17—Н17В	109.5
C8—C9—C10	127.97 (12)	04—C17—H17C	109.5
С8—С9—Н9А	116.0	Н17А—С17—Н17С	109.5
С10—С9—Н9А	116.0	H17B—C17—H17C	109.5
C6—C1—C2—O1	-178.66 (16)	C8—C9—C10—C11	2.0 (2)
C7—C1—C2—O1	2.4 (2)	C15-C10-C11-C12	-0.9 (2)
C6—C1—C2—C3	1.4 (2)	C9—C10—C11—C12	178.26 (12)
C7—C1—C2—C3	-177.60 (16)	C16—O3—C12—C11	1.9 (2)
O1—C2—C3—C4	179.4 (2)	C16—O3—C12—C13	-177.80 (14)
C1—C2—C3—C4	-0.6 (3)	C10-C11-C12-O3	-179.11 (12)
C2—C3—C4—C5	0.1 (4)	C10-C11-C12-C13	0.6 (2)
C3—C4—C5—C6	-0.4 (4)	C17—O4—C13—C14	-4.4 (2)
C4—C5—C6—C1	1.1 (4)	C17—O4—C13—C12	176.45 (13)
C2-C1-C6-C5	-1.6 (3)	O3—C12—C13—O4	-1.09 (18)

supplementary materials

C7—C1—C6—C5	177.29 (19)	C11—C12—C13—O4	179.19 (12)
C6—C1—C7—O2	-176.19 (15)	O3-C12-C13-C14	179.70 (13)
C2—C1—C7—O2	2.7 (2)	C11-C12-C13-C14	0.0 (2)
C6—C1—C7—C8	3.2 (2)	O4-C13-C14-C15	-179.36 (13)
C2—C1—C7—C8	-177.88 (13)	C12-C13-C14-C15	-0.2 (2)
O2—C7—C8—C9	-1.0 (2)	C13-C14-C15-C10	-0.1 (2)
C1—C7—C8—C9	179.55 (13)	C11-C10-C15-C14	0.6 (2)
C7—C8—C9—C10	-178.80 (13)	C9—C10—C15—C14	-178.54 (13)
C8—C9—C10—C15	-178.87 (14)		

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···A	<i>D</i> —Н	$H \cdots A$	$D \cdots A$	D—H··· A
O1—H1A…O2	0.82	1.77	2.5021 (18)	147
C14—H14A···O2 ⁱ	0.93	2.51	3.4250 (19)	170
Symmetry codes: (i) $-x+1$, $y-1/2$, $-z+1/2$.				

Table 2

Selected geometric parmeters (Å): $Cg \cdots Cg \pi$ stacking interactions, Cg2 is the centroid of ring C10—C15 [Symmetry code: (i) 1-x, 1-y, 1-z]

CgI…CgJ	Cg…Cg (Å)	CgI Perp (Å)	Cgj Perp (Å)	Slippage (Å)
Cg2…Cg2 ⁱ	3.6571 (8)	3.5389 (6)	3.5389 (6)	0.92 (2)



Fig. 2



